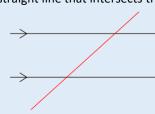
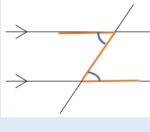
Term 6 Year 8 **Angles In Parallel Lines Trapezia** Area

Parallel lines are always the same distance apart

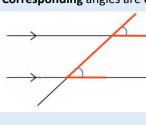
Transversal - a straight line that intersects the parallel lines



Alternate angles are equal



Corresponding angles are equal



Co-interior angles sum to 180°

Perpendicular – two lines that meet at a right angle (90°)

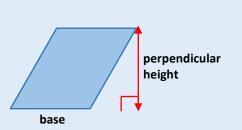
Area of a rectangle = base x perpendicular height

base × perpendicular height



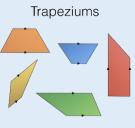
Area of a triangle =

perpendicular height base



Area of a parallelogram = base x perpendicular height

Trapezium – a quadrilateral with one pair of parallel sides.



Not trapeziums

Area of a trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$

where a and b are the parallel sides

Circles

and h is the height.

diameter

The diameter is double the radius. $Pi(\pi) \approx 3.14$ Pi is a constant that

 $Circumference = \pi \times diameter$

links circumference and diameter.

Area of a circle = $\pi \times radius^2$