Warm up

A period or act of preparation for a match. Performance or exercise session.

- 1. Pulse Raiser
- 2. Preparation Stretches
- 3. Mobilisation

Warming up is important to mentally and physically prepare the participant for the sport or physical activity.

Pulse Raiser

This is light exercise that slowly increases the heart rate and gradually increases body temperature. Examples of exercises are

- Jogging
- Skipping
- Jumping

Preparation Stretches

Activities to stretch the main muscles that will be used in the physical activity to prevent injury. Stretches should be held between 8-10seconds.

Mobilisation

Activities that take the joints through their range of movement starting with small movements and making these bigger as the warm-up progresses.

Muscles must be warm when starting exercise or stretching. Cold muscles Increase likelihood of injuries occurring.

Physical Education HT2

Musculoskeletal System

The musculoskeletal system is made up of bones, muscles and joints.

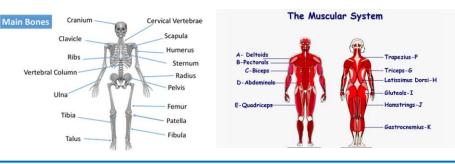
Year 8

The main functions are:

- Body Support
- Facilitation of movement
- Protection of internal organs

The main aim of the musculoskeletal system is to support the body's weight and help you move.

There are 5 main joints in the body.



PE Assessment Strands

Performance- Has developed an understanding of skills and can

demonstrate them in isolation

Knowledge- Understands and can recall majority of rules/skills of the

activities, whilst also understanding when they are broken.

Health & Fitness- Can explain the importance of physical activity using

components of fitness

Evaluate- Can set targets and understand when they have been achieved

SMSC- Shows resilience in all aspects of PE whilst promoting teamwork.

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Warm up	Cardiorespiratory
Pulse Raiser	Musculoskeletal
Preparation Stretches	Dynamic
Mobilisation	Cold Muscles

Cardiorespiratory System

The cardiorespiratory system consists of:

- The heart
- blood
- blood vessels.

The cardiovascular system which work with the respiratory system (lungs and airways)

The main purpose of the cardiorespiratory system is to get oxygen to the working muscles and remove carbon dioxide from the body

