

Week 1-British Values	Week 2-Mental Health Discrimination
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>British Values</b></p> <p>A value is something you find important (you might say you value your friends, your pets or even your phone!).</p> <p>There are core British values:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Democracy</li> <li>2. Rule of Law</li> <li>3. Respect and Tolerance</li> <li>4. Individual Freedom</li> </ol>	<p><b>What is mental health discrimination?</b></p> <p>Mental health discrimination is when someone is treated unfavourably because they suffer from a psychological illness or condition. Under the Equality Act (2010), some mental health conditions can be considered as a disability. This is generally when an illness might be long-term or impact their daily activities. It's discrimination to treat someone unfavourably because they have a mental health disability.</p>
Week 3- Disability Discrimination	Week 4- Sex & LGBTQ+ Discrimination
<p>The disabled community often face negative attitudes towards their disability and a difficult environment to navigate due to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inaccessible transport</li> <li>• Poorly designed buildings</li> <li>• Segregated services</li> <li>• Stereotyping</li> <li>• Lack of understanding</li> <li>• Too few sign language interpreters</li> </ul>	<p><b>Sex discrimination</b> is when you are treated unfairly either because you are a man or because you are a woman. Sex discrimination can be direct or indirect. It can also take the form of victimisation or harassment. One in five <b>LGBTQ+ people</b> have experienced a hate crime or incident because of their sexual orientation and/or gender identity in the last 12 months. New research highlighting the shocking levels of hate crime and discrimination that LGBT people still face in Britain today.</p>
Week 5-Sexual Harassment	Week 6- Equality Act
<p>Public Sexual Harassment (PSH) comprises unwanted attention, sexual advances and intimidating behaviour by strangers in public spaces. It is usually directed towards women and often oppressed groups within society. However, it can be experienced by all. It can include unwelcome/unwanted attention, sexual advances, intimidation/intimidating behaviour It can happen In a public place (on the street, in gyms, bars and restaurants, at school etc.). Forms of PSH: catcalling, staring, jokes, groping, following.</p>	<p>A new Equality Act came into force on 1 October 2010. It brings together over 116 separate pieces of legislation into one single Act. The Act provides a legal framework to protect the rights of individuals and advance equality of opportunity for all. It provides Britain with a discrimination law which protects individuals from unfair treatment and promotes a fair and more equal society. The Equality Act 2010 brings together all previous equality laws.</p>