

Week 1: Sustainable Development Goals	Week 2: Sustainable Development Goals 2	Week 3: Poverty
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●In 2015 the United Nations agreed a set of ‘sustainable development’ goals . ●The goals focused on ending poverty around the world, protecting the planet and ensuring a new prosperity for everyone. ●There are 17 Sustainable Development Goals ●They are called Global Goals’ ●They include over 169 targets that would ensure that all of the countries of the world would work to protect the planet. ●Each of these goals was to be applied to all countries. ●The goals were aimed at creating action across the world over the next 15 years 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●People - to end poverty and hunger in all of its forms so that people would be able to fulfil their true potential in dignity and equality. ●Planet - to protect the planet from degradation and to make sure that the world became increasingly sustainable and was managing its natural resources carefully. ●Prosperity - to ensure that all people would be able to lead prosperous lives in harmony with nature. ●Peace - to ensure that peaceful societies would be free from fear and violence. ●Partnership - to mobilise the means and money to support this agenda. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●Sustainable Development Goal 1 is to end poverty everywhere ●Extreme poverty rates have been reduced by more than half since 1990 ●One in five people in LICs still live on less than \$1.25 a day. ●836 million people still live in extreme poverty <p>Key targets for 2030:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●Eradicate extreme poverty everywhere ●Create systems to protect all people from poverty ●Ensure that all men and women have equal rights to economic resources and basic services. ●Create a number of programmes to end poverty. ● It is hoped that by 2030 very few people will live in poverty.
Week 4: Health and Wellbeing	Week 5: Education	Week 6: Sustainable Solutions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●Sustainable Development Goal 3 is to ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all ●All over the world, there have been massive improvements in life expectancies . ●There are now cures and treatments for many common diseases that will keep people alive for much longer. <p>Key targets for 2030</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●End preventable deaths of new-borns and children under 5 years of age. ●End the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and tropical diseases. ●Achieve access to health-care services and access to safe and affordable medicines and vaccines for all. ●Reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●Sustainable Development goal 4 is to ensure quality education for all and promote lifelong learning ●Many education schemes in LICs have just focussed on basic literacy. ●An educated, youthful workforce can make a huge difference to closing the development gap. <p>Key targets for 2030</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●Ensure that all children complete free primary and secondary education. ●Ensure that all children have access to quality early childhood education. ●Ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable higher education. ●End gender differences in education. ●Build and upgrade education facilities for all. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ●Appropriate technology is one that is suited to the needs, skills, resources, wealth and knowledge of the people who live in a local area, for the environment in which they live. ●Over 1.2 billion people live in areas where water resources are scarce ●In Africa, over 40% of households do not have access to piped-in water. ●The Hippo Roller was invented in 1991 in South Africa to help make water more accessible to women and children living in rural Africa. ●The roller is a 90 litre plastic water carrier that can be rolled along the ground using a metal handle.